Land:

Onderwerp:

Indonesië/Nederland/Groot-Brittannië. Phrodul/3
Indonesian policy on West New Guinea.

Referenties:

Feitelijke datum:

1 februari 1962.

Datum van waarneming:

12 februari 1962.

Bron:

Van bevriende zijde.

Opmerkingen:

Verzonden aan:

de Minister van Buitenlandse Zaken.

Aan Zijne Excellentie Prof. Dr. J.E. de QUAY Minister-President

Plein 1813 no. 4 's-GRAVENHAGE.

## INDONESIA/NETHERLANDS/BRITAIN

## Political

## Indonesian Folicy on West New Guinea.

On 1st February, 1962, Dr. SOEDJARWO, Head of the European Directorate of the Indonesian Ministry of Foreign Affairs, privately briefed some members of an Indonesian Embassy staff abroad on the present position of Indonesia in the West New Guinea crisis. The main points of this were:-

- (a) Recent talks between Dutch and Indonesian envoys in BONN had been unsuccessful because of Dutch bargaining and indecision;
- (b) U THANT'S efforts to provide an acceptable formula for negotiations between Holland and Indonesia were bound to fail because the proposals allowed for a degree of autonomy for the inhabitants of the area. This was unacceptable to President SUKARNO who would insist that transfer of total sovereignty must be accompanied by transfer of total administration. The Papuans would not be permitted to manage their own internal affairs:
- (c) For any hope of a peaceful solution the Dutch would now have to make a direct approach conceding all Indonesian demands. Time was running out and the Dutch could not hope to delay an attack on West New Guinea through their present indecisive tactics;
- (d) President SUKARNO still wished to pay his State visit to Britain in May 1962 but the Indonesians were becoming concerned that no communication had been received recently from the British Government about this.